

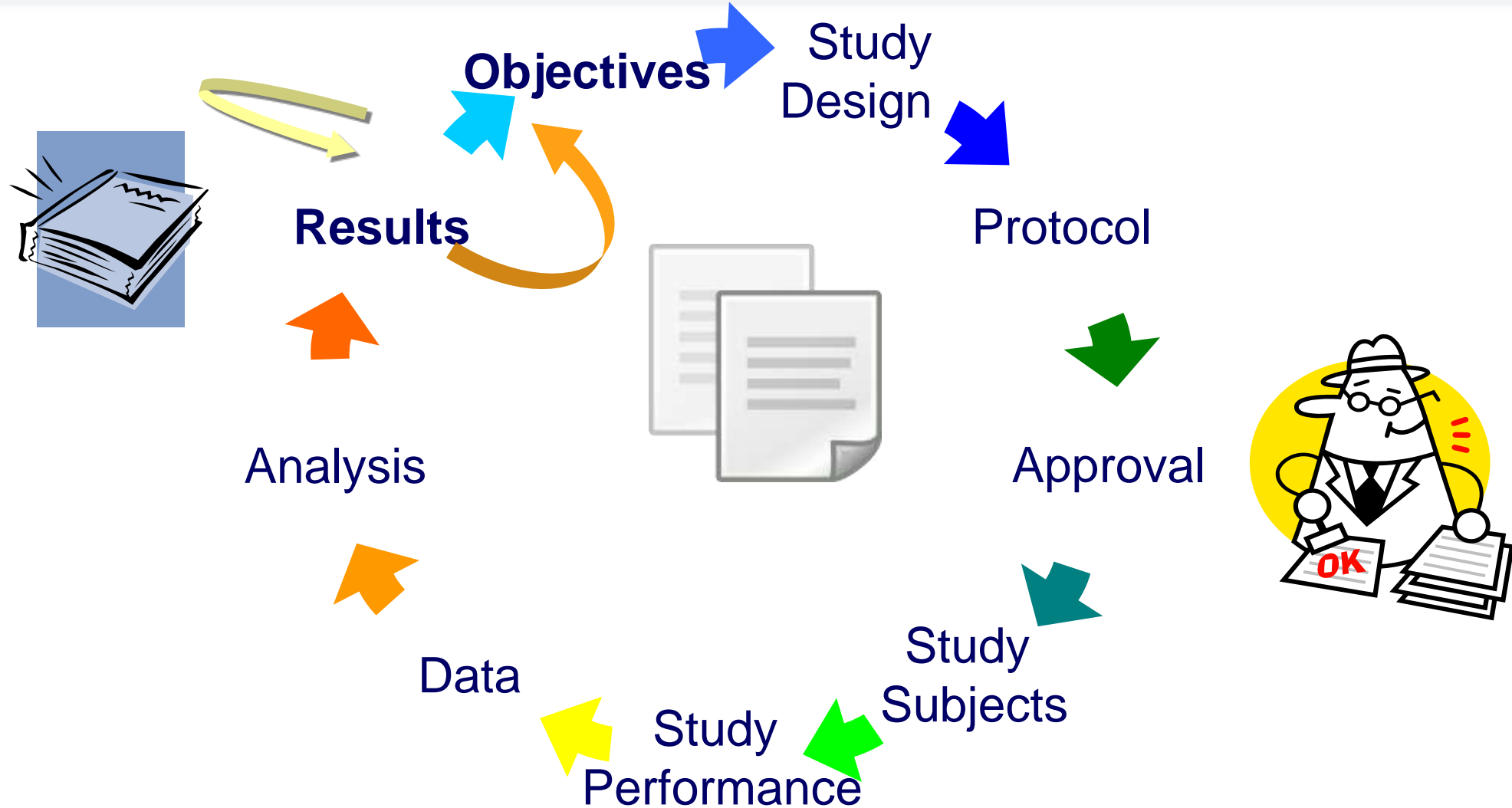
A blurred background image of a classroom or lecture hall. A person in a light blue shirt is standing at the front, possibly presenting. An audience of people is seated at tables, facing the front. The scene is brightly lit, suggesting a modern, open-plan environment.

Orienting your Career in Clinical Research

The background of the slide is a blurred photograph of a classroom or lecture hall. A person in a light blue shirt is standing at the front, possibly presenting, while an audience of people is seated at tables, facing away from the camera.

Existing positions in Clinical Research

The Clinical Trial Cycle



Job functions in clinical research



Clinical Development

- Scientific writers
- Medical Writers



Job functions in clinical research



Regulatory Department

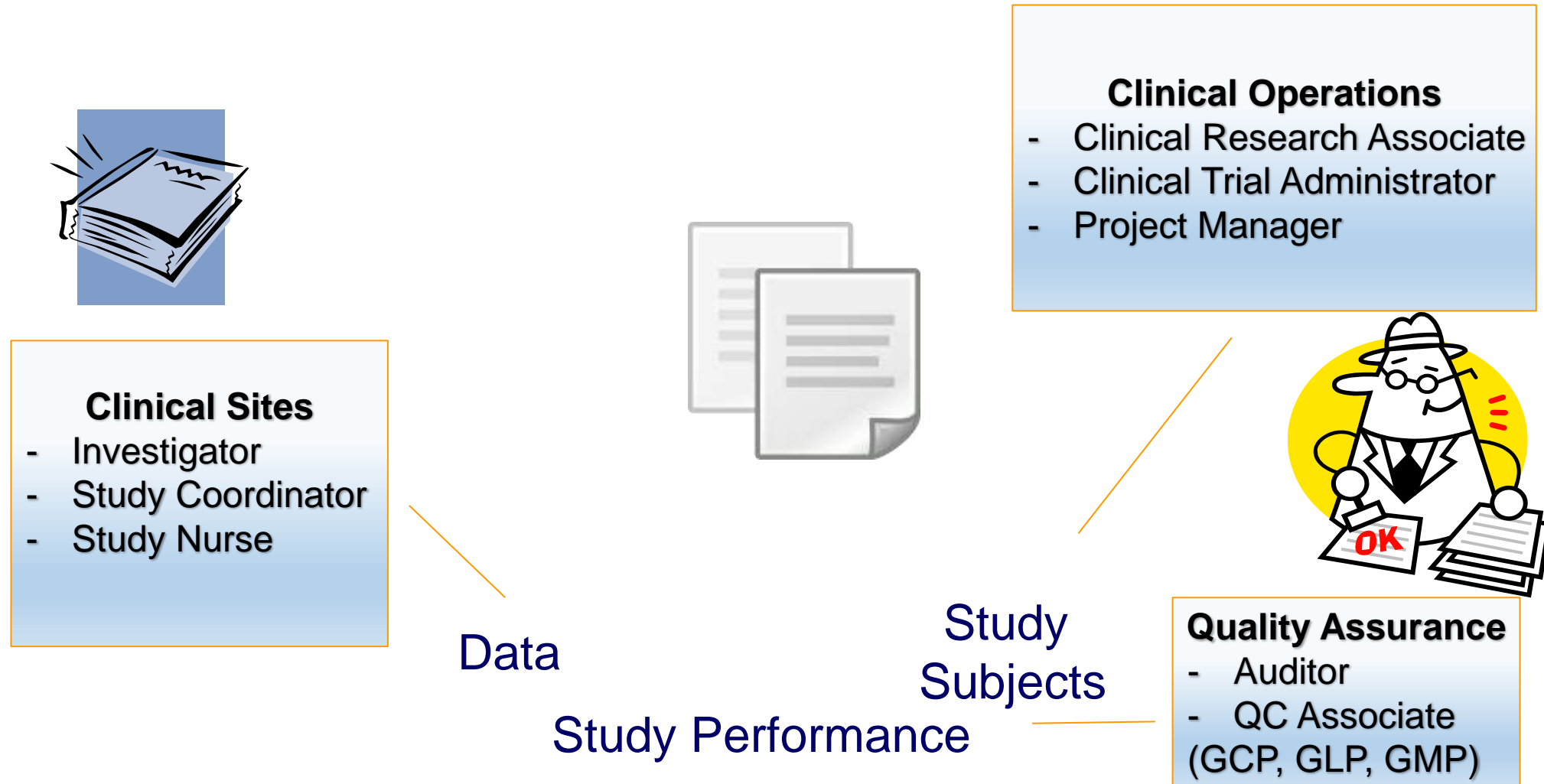
- Submissions to EC and CA
- Submission for MA



Approval



Job functions in clinical research



Job functions in clinical research



Analysis

Data

Biometrics Department

- Data Management
- Data Entry, Analysis
- Statistical Analysis

Job functions in clinical research



Results



Analysis



Medical Writing
- Medical Writer
(writing of clinical study report)



Job functions in clinical research



And:

- IMP Handling
- Ancillary services (IVRS, Laboratory, Reading centre...)
- Pharmacovigilance
- Clinical Trial Physician
- Feasibility & Start-up functions
- Contract & Budget management

And many others...



Who?

- A lot of players within a Clinical trials:
 - Sites (Hospitals, University institutes, non-profit research centre, etc.)
 - Regulatory bodies (EC, CA etc.)
 - Clinical Research organisation (CRO)
 - Sponsor (Pharmaceutical companies, academic bodies, investigators etc.)
 - Vendors: Central lab, IVRS (In-Voice Response System), central readers etc.



Who?

- At sponsor/Clinical Research Organisation (CRO) site it is a multidisciplinary team coordinate by the PM:
 - Data Management
 - Statistician
 - Pharmacovigilance/safety
 - Regulatory
 - Legal
 - Finance
 - Etc.

Global Trial Team



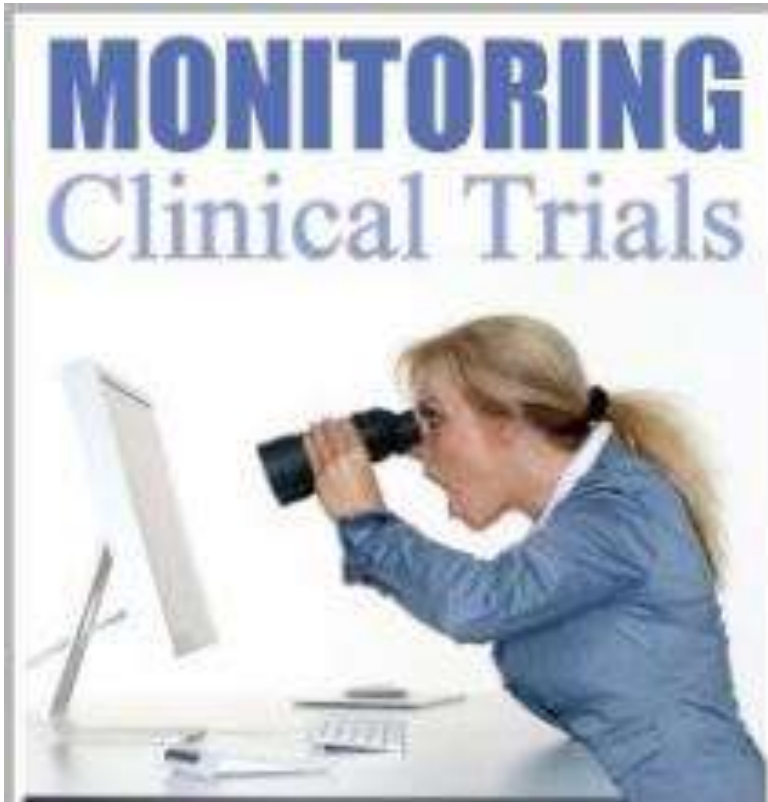
Project Manager

So what does a Project Manager need to do in practice?

- a. Gain approval for the project scope & goals
- b. Ensure a feasibility study is complete
- c. *Select a team: delegate tasks & set individual objectives*
- d. Plan the project in appropriate detail within time
- e. Prepare the Project Plan in multidisciplinary team effort
- f. Control and monitor the work and cost
- g. Motivate, coach, lead the team
- h. Report progress back to the organisation
- i. Help the team to solve project problems
- j. Achieve, with the team, the goals
- k. Review and close down

PM Skills

- PM should be able to play with all trackers in order to sort out successes and threats
- Good in budget management
- Good communicator in order to coordinate the team (mainly virtual with internal and external stakeholders)
- Good in problem solving
- Good in reporting to sites, CRAs/Local, other departments, CRO/vendors and upper mgt.



Clinical
Research
Associate

The Sponsor: Monitoring ICH-GCP 5.18.1

Monitoring in theory:

- Verify if rights & wellbeing of each trial subject is respected
- Verify that reported data is accurate, complete & verifiable from source documents
- Verify that the conduct of the trial is in compliance with protocol, GCP, regulatory requirements



Monitor/CRA



- Monitoring in practice = monitor **checks** if:
 - INV supervises the team on site, i.e., team is adequately informed, performs trial specific functions
 - INV did not delegate functions to unauthorised individuals
 - INV enrolls only eligible subjects
 - INV follows the study protocol
 - INV completes/updates/maintains source and trial records accurately, completely, legibly, timely and dated
 - INV follows up on action items
 -

Site Management

- Keep team informed & be informed
 - Keep track of recruitment, of problems
 - Inform study team about any problem, indicate actions and follow-up until solutions
 - Follow-up outstanding matters asap
 - Inform, motivate & support the investigator and his/her study team
 - Escalate to manager poor performing / persistent non-compliant sites

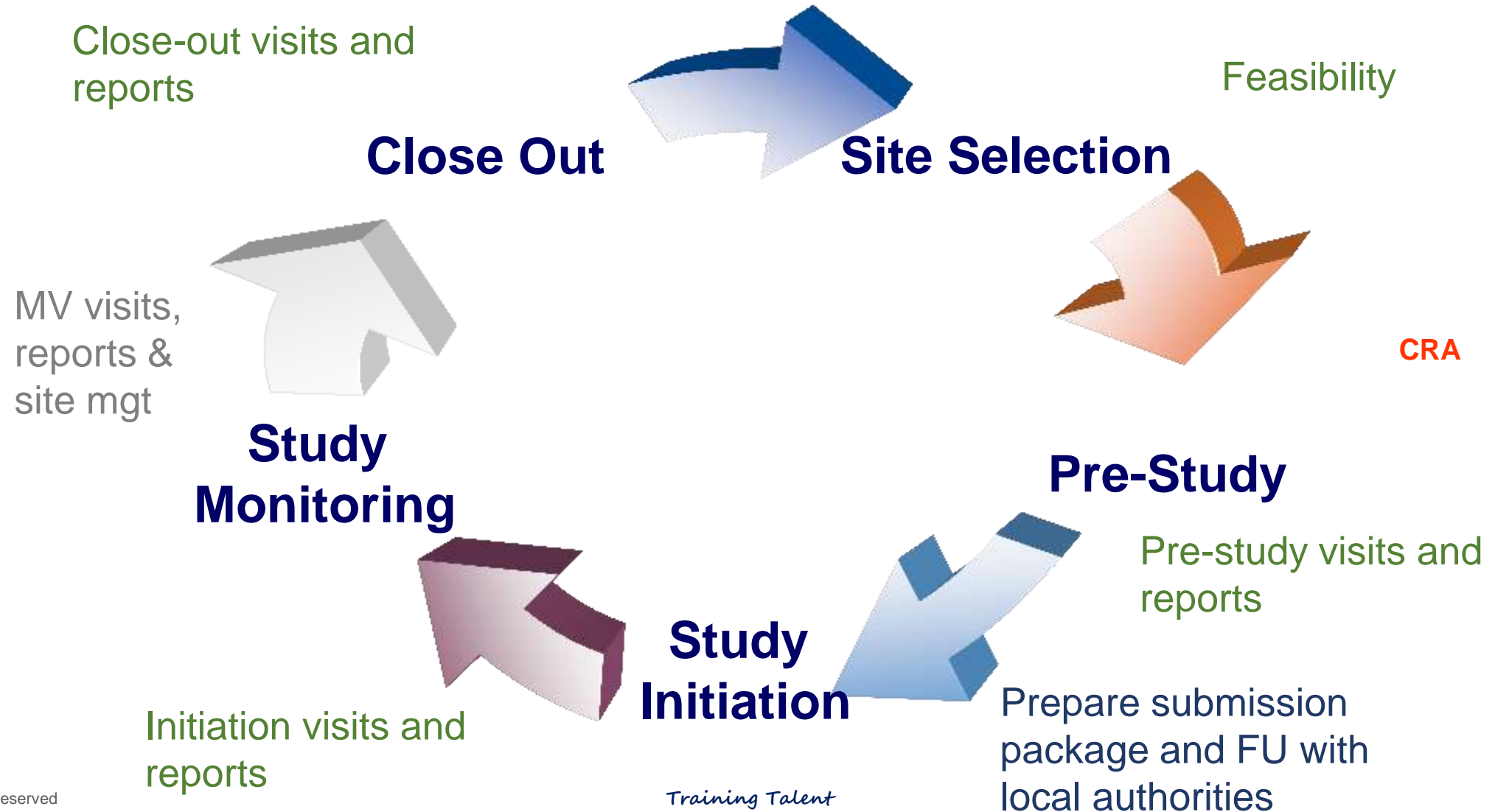


Site Management

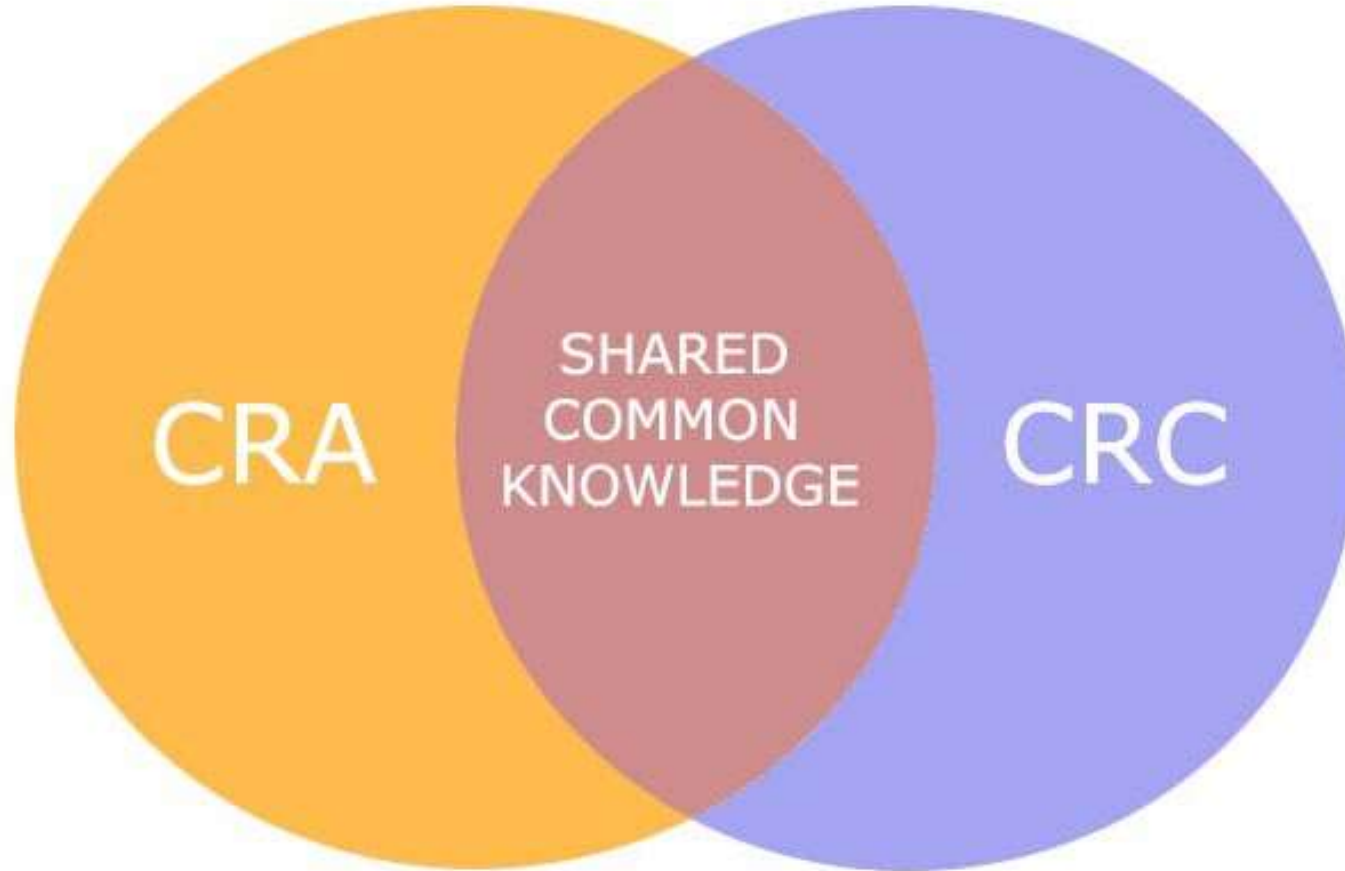
- Continuous and open communication are key for collaboration, flexibility professionalism and for success of any clinical trial.



CRA tasks during Project life cycle



- Scientific background
- Flexible
- Good site comprehension
- Good data analyst
- Good with filing
- Good communicator
- Willing to travel





Clinical Research Coordinator

Clinical Research Coordinator

- Hospital based
- Coordinating studies on site
 - Planning & organising patient 's schedules & assessments
 - Making sure the protocol is being followed
 - Making sure the data are collected
- The main counterpart for the CRA

CR Logistics & Supportive activities



- Site logistics
- Sample logistics
- Data collection
- Analytical services/labs

CR Logistics & Supportive activities

- Sites:
 - needs people to managed patients visits, study procedures (i.e. blood sample collection, X-ray, ...) etc.
 - Materials: computer, centrifuge, fridge, binders etc.
 - Medication storage facilities
- Treatment:
 - Courier(dry ice, control temperature, timelines etc.)
 - Depots
 - Custom clearance etc.



CR Logistics & Supportive activities

■ Samples

- Materials for sample processing
- Courier (dry ice, control temperature, timelines etc.)
- Facilities to analyse samples (method, material etc.)
- Facilities for storage
- Ensure patient data reconciliation

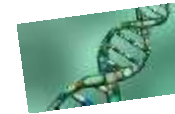
■ Data collection system

- Case Report Form (CRF) either paper or electronic
- IxRS for the patient randomisation and treatment management

■ Analytical services/Labs

- Central Laboratory
- Analytical laboratories
- Reading centres (e.g. ECG, radiological images, etc.)

Quality Assurance in pharma industry



Quality

- **“Degree to which a set of inherent characteristics fulfils a set of requirements.”**
- “The quality of an object can be determined by comparing a set of inherent characteristics against a set of requirements.
- If those characteristics meet all requirements, high or excellent quality is achieved but if those characteristics do not meet all requirements, a low or poor level of quality is achieved.
- So the quality of an object depends on a set of characteristics and a set of requirements and how well the former complies with the latter.”
- *ISO 9000 – Terms and definitions*

Quality Assurance in Pharma

QA versus QC



QA

Independent of the
process
Sampling
By QA representative

QC

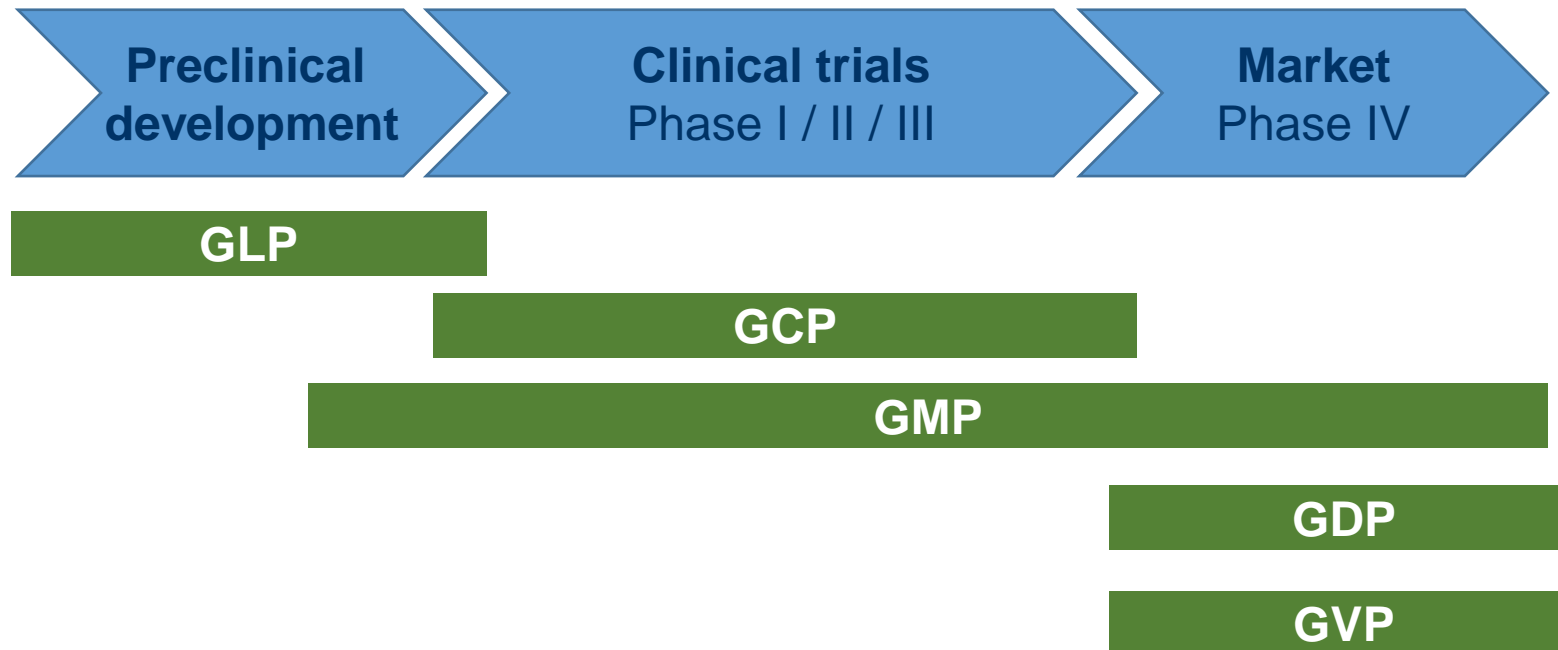
Part of the process
Continuous / day to day
By operational staff

INTRODUCTION

Quality norms and standards



International Conference on Harmonization guidelines



QA ACTIVITIES IN PHARMA

QUALITY POLICY

*QUALITY STRATEGY, RISK
MANAGEMENT, QUALITY REVIEW*

**QUALITY
DOCUMENTATION
SYSTEM****TRAINING****CONSULTING****SYSTEM / EQUIPMENT
VALIDATION****AUDITS****INSPECTIONS**

PROFILES REQUIRED FOR QA POSITIONS

- **Personal skills**

- Efficiency**

- Precise and accurate
- Analytical skills and conceptual thinking skills
- Well-organised
- Time management and setting of priorities

- Self awareness**

- Independent
- Pro-active
- Eye for details

- Interaction**

- Excellent communication skills (verbal / written)
- Excellent training skills
- Diplomatic but firm / assertive



Regulatory Affairs

Definition

Regulatory affairs (RA), also called **government affairs**, is a profession within regulated industries, such as pharmaceuticals, medical devices, energy, banking, telecom etc. Regulatory affairs also has a very specific meaning within the healthcare industries (pharmaceuticals, medical devices, biologics and functional foods).

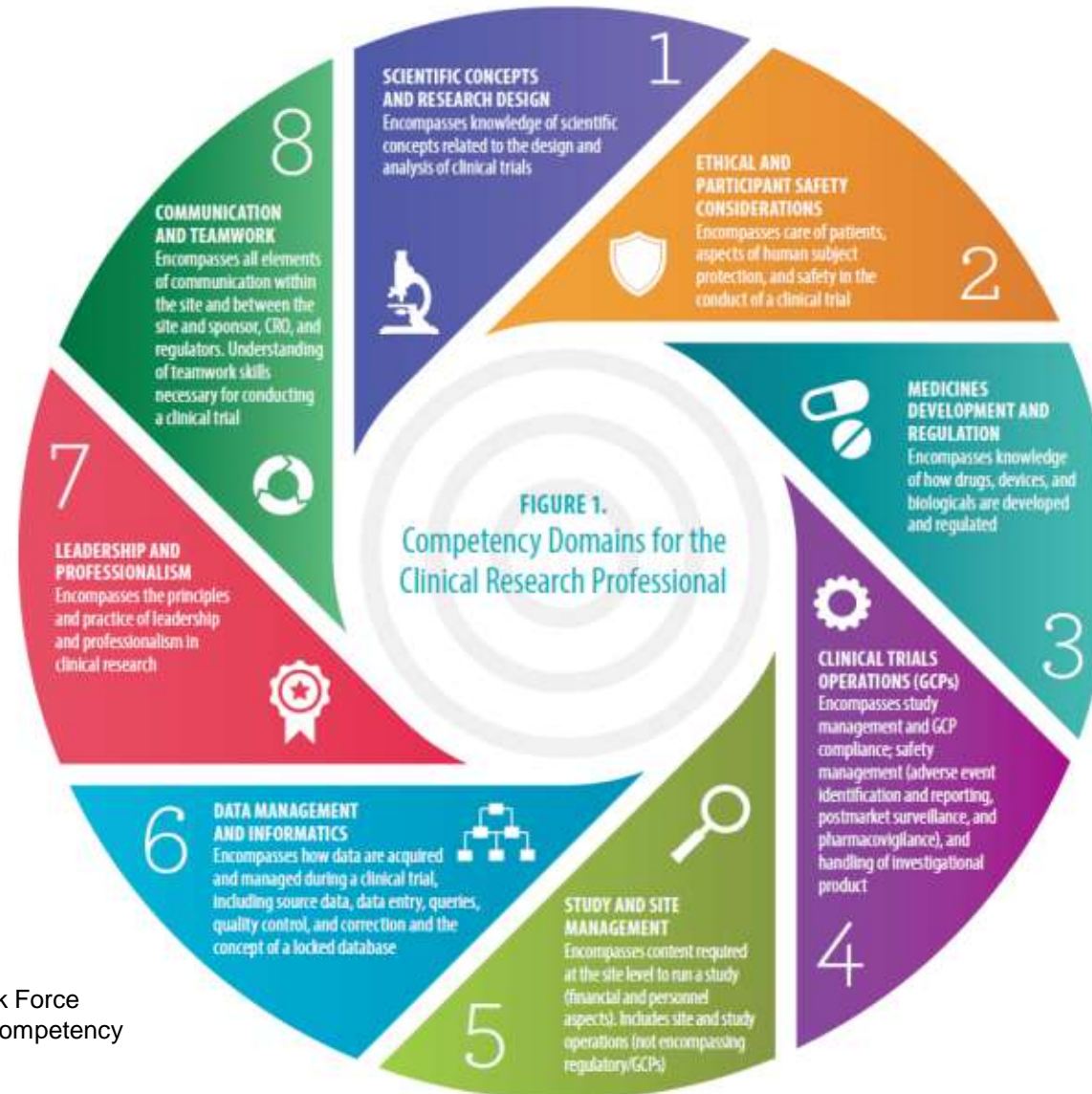
- Regulatory Submissions
 - To authorities
 - To Ethics Committees
- Safety Reporting



EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR
CLINICAL RESEARCH TRAINING

The Clinical Research Competency Framework

Clinical Research Competency Framework



Source: Joint Task Force
for Clinical Trial Competency



EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR
CLINICAL RESEARCH TRAINING

The Junior Clinical Researcher STAR Programme

- Graduates (MSc, PhD) are:
 - Well educated
 - Motivated
 - Gearing to get into the job market but with
 - **Limited or no practical experience**
- Companies want
 - Well educated, motivated staff but also with
 - **Practical experience**

Junior Clinical Researcher STAR Programme offers:

- **Introductory courses** bundled together
 - To be followed within one year but at a time that is convenient to you.
- **Practical traineeships** through the year
 - which gives you the possibility to acquire practical experience in the field and thus a kick-start of a brand new career in clinical research.

COURSES INCLUDE

COURSE TITLE	NUMBER OF DAYS
Introduction to clinical research	eLearning
Orienting your career in clinical research	0.5
ICG-GCP training	eLearning
Clinical research training for junior CRAs	2
Communication skills	1
New: from Dec 2016: Basics on regulatory requirements in clinical research	0.5

Traineeship

- **Hospital** (~2 months):
 - How is clinical research conducted in real life? How does it affect a patient?
 - What is the difference with the regular clinical practice?
- **Pharmaceutical/Medical Device Company** (~6 months):
 - How are Medicines developed?
 - Where does Clinical Research fit in the complete development.
 - Why is clinical research done differently from normal clinical practice?
- **Clinical Research Organisation (CRO)** (~4 months):
 - What activities need to be done in order to safeguard patients rights and wellbeing and at the same time make sure that quality of data obtained in a clinical study is guaranteed?

Traineeship Programme

- Traineeship programme is developed to build up the competencies required to start a job in Clinical Research field.
- ECCRT will
 - Get the participant enrolled in a Traineeship Programme
 - Coordinate the Traineeship
 - Closely mentor the participants through the entire traineeship programme.

Schedules

- The full programme runs 4 times per year.
- For more info, visit www.eccrt.com



EUROPEAN CENTRE FOR
CLINICAL RESEARCH TRAINING

Thank you

Dr Benedikt Van Nieuwenhove
+32 498 91 21 91
Benedikt@ec crt.com

Questions ? Contact Us !

European Centre for Clinical Research Training (ECCRT)

Marcel Broodthaers Plein 8
1060 Brussels (Belgium)

+32 2 892 4000 - info@eccrt.com

www.eccrt.com

